

Notations:

\mathbb{N} : the set of natural numbers.

\mathbb{Z} : the ring of integers.

\mathbb{Q} : the field of rational numbers.

\mathbb{F}_n : the finite field with n elements.

$GL_n(F)$: the group of non-singular $n \times n$ matrices over the field F .

$SL_n(F) := \{A \in GL_n(F) \mid \det(A) = 1\}$.

(1) (30%)

- (a) Determine all Sylow p -subgroups of $SL_2(\mathbb{F}_3)$ with p being a prime dividing $|SL_2(\mathbb{F}_3)|$. (Justify your answers)
- (b) Find generators for a Sylow p -subgroup of the symmetric group S_{2p} , where p is an odd prime. Show that this is an abelian group of order p^2 .
- (c) Find generators for a Sylow p -subgroup of the symmetric group S_{p^2} , where p is a prime. Show that this is a non-abelian group of order p^{p+1} .

(2) (20%)

- (a) Show that if F is a field, then $F[[x]]$ is a PID whose only ideals are 0 , $F[[x]]$ and $\langle x^k \rangle$ for $k \in \mathbb{N}$.
- (b) Show that there exists an irreducible polynomial of degree 5 in $\mathbb{Z}_{11}[x]$.

(3) (20%)

- (a) Let M be a finitely generated module over a PID. Show that if N is a submodule of M , then N and M/N are also finitely generated and $\text{rank } M = \text{rank } N + \text{rank } M/N$.
- (b) Show that if M is a finitely generated R -module (R : commutative with 1) and $IM = M$ (I : an ideal of R contained in the Jacobson radical of R), then $M = 0$.

(4) (30%)

- (a) Is every finite group isomorphic to some Galois group $\text{Gal}(F/K)$ for some extension F of some field K ? Justify your answer.
- (b) Are the following polynomial equations solvable by radicals over \mathbb{Q} ? Explain your answers.
 - (i) $x^n - 1 = 0$, $n \geq 7$, $n \in \mathbb{N}$.
 - (ii) $x^5 - 7x^2 + 7 = 0$.