

# 台灣大學數學系

## 九十三學年度博士班入學考試題

### 迴歸分析

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Suppose that we observe  $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \cdots + \beta_k X_{ik} + \varepsilon_i$ ,  $i = 1, \cdots, n$ . Here

$\beta = (\beta_0, \beta_1, \cdots, \beta_k)^T$  is a vector of constant parameters,  $X = (x_1, \cdots, x_n)^T$ , with

$x_i = (1, X_{i1}, \cdots, X_{ik})^T$ , is a constant design matrix, and  $\varepsilon = (\varepsilon_1, \cdots, \varepsilon_n)^T$  is a vector of

independent random variables with zero mean. Assume that  $X$  is of full rank. The least squares estimate of  $\beta$ , denoted as  $\hat{\beta}$ , is the solution to

$$\min_{\beta} \sum_{i=1}^n (Y_i - \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \cdots + \beta_k X_{ik})^2.$$

Let  $\hat{Y} = (\hat{Y}_1, \cdots, \hat{Y}_n)^T = X\hat{\beta}$  and  $e = (e_1, \cdots, e_n)^T = Y - \hat{Y}$ .

(1)

Suppose that  $\text{Var}(\varepsilon_i) = \sigma^2$ ,  $i = 1, \cdots, n$ .

(a)

(7 points) Show that  $Y^T Y = \hat{Y}^T \hat{Y} + e^T e$ .

(b)

(7 points) Show that  $\text{Var}(\hat{Y}_i) \leq \text{Var}(Y_i)$ ,  $i = 1, \cdots, n$ .

(c)

(6 points) Find an unbiased estimate of  $\sigma^2$  based on  $e$ .

(2)

Suppose that  $\varepsilon_i \sim \text{Normal}(0, \sigma^2)$ ,  $i = 1, \cdots, n$ .

(a)

(10 points) Find the maximum likelihood estimates of  $\beta$  and  $\sigma^2$  and denote them as  $\tilde{\beta}$  and  $\tilde{\sigma}^2$ .

(b)

(10 points) Find the distributions of  $\tilde{\beta}$  and  $\tilde{\sigma}^2$ .

(c)  
(10 points) Find the likelihood ratio test of  $H_0 : \sigma^2 = \sigma_0^2$  versus  $H_1 : \sigma^2 \neq \sigma_0^2$ , where  $\sigma_0^2$  is a given positive constant.

(d)  
(10 points) Find the likelihood ratio test of  $H_0 : \beta_k = 0$  versus  $H_1 : \beta_k \neq 0$ .

(3)  
Let  $H = (h_{ij}) = X(X^T X)^{-1} X^T$ . Let  $\hat{\beta}_{(i)}$  be the least squares estimate of  $\beta$  obtained after deleting the  $i$ th observation. Let  $\hat{Y}_i(i) = x_i^T \hat{\beta}_{(i)}$  where  $x_i^T$  is the  $i$ th row of  $X$ .

(a)  
(7 points) Show that  $0 \leq h_{ii} \leq 1$  for all  $i = 1, \dots, n$ .

(b)  
(7 points) Show that  $\hat{\beta}_{(i)} = \hat{\beta} - (X^T X)^{-1} x_i e_i / (1 - h_{ii})$ .

(c)  
(6 points) Show that  $\hat{Y}_i - \hat{Y}_i(i) = h_{ii} e_i / (1 - h_{ii})$ .

(4)  
Suppose that  $\text{Var}(\varepsilon_i) = c_i^2 \sigma^2$ ,  $i = 1, \dots, n$ . The weighted least squares estimate of  $\beta$ , denoted as  $\hat{\beta}_{WLS}$ , is the solution to

$$\min_{\beta} \sum_{i=1}^n c_i^{-2} (Y_i - \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{i1} + \dots + \beta_k X_{ik})^2.$$

(a)  
(10 points) Show that both  $\hat{\beta}$  and  $\hat{\beta}_{WLS}$  are unbiased for  $\beta$ .

(b)  
(10 points) Show that  $\text{Var}(a^T \hat{\beta}_{WLS}) \leq \text{Var}(a^T \hat{\beta})$  for any  $(k+1)$ -vector  $a$ .

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