

Section 7.2

2. $\int \sin^6 x \cos^3 x \, dx = \int \sin^6 x \cos^2 x \cos x \, dx = \int \sin^6 x (1 - \sin^2 x) \cos x \, dx \stackrel{s}{=} \int u^6 (1 - u^2) \, du$
 $= \int (u^6 - u^8) \, du = \frac{1}{7} u^7 - \frac{1}{9} u^9 + C = \frac{1}{7} \sin^7 x - \frac{1}{9} \sin^9 x + C$
3. $\int_{\pi/2}^{3\pi/4} \sin^5 x \cos^3 x \, dx = \int_{\pi/2}^{3\pi/4} \sin^5 x \cos^2 x \cos x \, dx = \int_{\pi/2}^{3\pi/4} \sin^5 x (1 - \sin^2 x) \cos x \, dx \stackrel{s}{=} \int_1^{\sqrt{2}/2} u^5 (1 - u^2) \, du$
 $= \int_1^{\sqrt{2}/2} (u^5 - u^7) \, du = \left[\frac{1}{6} u^6 - \frac{1}{8} u^8 \right]_1^{\sqrt{2}/2} = \left(\frac{1/8}{6} - \frac{1/16}{8} \right) - \left(\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{8} \right) = -\frac{11}{384}$
10. $\int_0^\pi \cos^6 \theta \, d\theta = \int_0^\pi (\cos^2 \theta)^3 \, d\theta = \int_0^\pi \left[\frac{1}{2} (1 + \cos 2\theta) \right]^3 \, d\theta = \frac{1}{8} \int_0^\pi (1 + 3 \cos 2\theta + 3 \cos^2 2\theta + \cos^3 2\theta) \, d\theta$
 $= \frac{1}{8} \left[\theta + \frac{3}{2} \sin 2\theta \right]_0^\pi + \frac{1}{8} \int_0^\pi \left[\frac{3}{2} (1 + \cos 4\theta) \right] \, d\theta + \frac{1}{8} \int_0^\pi [(1 - \sin^2 2\theta) \cos 2\theta] \, d\theta$
 $= \frac{1}{8} \pi + \frac{3}{16} \left[\theta + \frac{1}{4} \sin 4\theta \right]_0^\pi + \frac{1}{8} \int_0^0 (1 - u^2) \left(\frac{1}{2} du \right) \quad [u = \sin 2\theta, du = 2 \cos 2\theta \, d\theta]$
 $= \frac{\pi}{8} + \frac{3\pi}{16} + 0 = \frac{5\pi}{16}$
14. $\int_0^\pi \sin^2 t \cos^4 t \, dt = \frac{1}{4} \int_0^\pi (4 \sin^2 t \cos^2 t) \cos^2 t \, dt = \frac{1}{4} \int_0^\pi (2 \sin t \cos t)^2 \frac{1}{2} (1 + \cos 2t) \, dt$
 $= \frac{1}{8} \int_0^\pi (\sin 2t)^2 (1 + \cos 2t) \, dt = \frac{1}{8} \int_0^\pi (\sin^2 2t + \sin^2 2t \cos 2t) \, dt$
 $= \frac{1}{8} \int_0^\pi \sin^2 2t \, dt + \frac{1}{8} \int_0^\pi \sin^2 2t \cos 2t \, dt = \frac{1}{8} \int_0^\pi \frac{1}{2} (1 - \cos 4t) \, dt + \frac{1}{8} \left[\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sin^3 2t \right]_0^\pi$
 $= \frac{1}{16} \left[t - \frac{1}{4} \sin 4t \right]_0^\pi + \frac{1}{8} (0 - 0) = \frac{1}{16} [(\pi - 0) - 0] = \frac{\pi}{16}$
15. $\int \frac{\cos^5 \alpha}{\sqrt{\sin \alpha}} \, d\alpha = \int \frac{\cos^4 \alpha}{\sqrt{\sin \alpha}} \cos \alpha \, d\alpha = \int \frac{(1 - \sin^2 \alpha)^2}{\sqrt{\sin \alpha}} \cos \alpha \, d\alpha \stackrel{s}{=} \int \frac{(1 - u^2)^2}{\sqrt{u}} \, du$
 $= \int \frac{1 - 2u^2 + u^4}{u^{1/2}} \, du = \int (u^{-1/2} - 2u^{3/2} + u^{7/2}) \, du = 2u^{1/2} - \frac{4}{5} u^{5/2} + \frac{2}{9} u^{9/2} + C$
 $= \frac{2}{45} u^{1/2} (45 - 18u^2 + 5u^4) + C = \frac{2}{45} \sqrt{\sin \alpha} (45 - 18 \sin^2 \alpha + 5 \sin^4 \alpha) + C$
23. $\int \tan^2 x \, dx = \int (\sec^2 x - 1) \, dx = \tan x - x + C$
29. $\int \tan^3 x \sec x \, dx = \int \tan^2 x \sec x \tan x \, dx = \int (\sec^2 x - 1) \sec x \tan x \, dx$
 $= \int (u^2 - 1) \, du \quad [u = \sec x, du = \sec x \tan x \, dx] = \frac{1}{3} u^3 - u + C = \frac{1}{3} \sec^3 x - \sec x + C$
43. $\int \sin 8x \cos 5x \, dx \stackrel{2a}{=} \int \frac{1}{2} [\sin(8x - 5x) + \sin(8x + 5x)] \, dx = \frac{1}{2} \int \sin 3x \, dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \sin 13x \, dx$
 $= -\frac{1}{6} \cos 3x - \frac{1}{26} \cos 13x + C$