

93學年度上學期微甲2組期中考考題

1. 求下列極值, 如極限不存在, 請說明.

$$(a) \text{ (5分)} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x - 1}{x}$$

$$(b) \text{ (6分)} \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \sqrt{x^2 - 2x} + x$$

2. (a) (8分) 考慮曲線 $y^3 + y^2x + x + y = 0$. 試求 $\frac{dy}{dx}$ 及 $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ 在點 $(0, 0)$ 的值.

Solution.

$$3y^2y' + 2yy'x + y^2 + 1 + y' = 0 \quad \therefore y' = -1$$

$$6y'^2 + 3y^2y'' + 2y'^2x + 2yy' + 2xyy'' + 2yy' + y'' = 0 \quad \therefore 6 + y'' = 0, y'' = -6$$

- (b) (7分) 王先生在距離高4 公尺之電線桿9 公尺處放天燈, 該天燈以 $\frac{1}{3} m/sec$ 之固定速度垂直上升. 當天燈達到距地面16 公尺時, 請問電線桿之天燈影以多大速度縮短?

Solution.

$$y - 4 = 9 \tan \theta$$

$$y' = 9 \sec^2 \theta \frac{d\theta}{dt}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = 9 \left(\frac{5}{3} \right)^2 \cdot \frac{d\theta}{dt}$$

$$\therefore \theta' = \frac{1}{75} \text{ rad/sec}$$

又 $x = 4 \cot \theta$,

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -4 \csc^2 \theta \frac{d\theta}{dt} = -4 \left(\frac{5}{4} \right)^2 \cdot \frac{1}{75} = -\frac{25}{4} \times \frac{1}{75} = -\frac{1}{12} \text{ m/sec.}$$

3. (15分) 試繪 $f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2+9}$ 之圖形. 請討論對稱性. 遞增. 遞減. 極值. 凸性. 反曲點. 漸進線.

Solution. 奇函數, 過原點. $y = 0$ 為水平漸進線.

$$f'(x) = \frac{9 - x^2}{(x^2 + 9)^2} = 0, x = \pm 3.$$

local min. is $f(-3) = -\frac{1}{6}$, local max. is $f(3) = \frac{1}{6}$.

$$f''(x) = \frac{2x(x^2 - 27)}{(x^2 + 9)^3} = 0, x = 0, \pm 3\sqrt{3}.$$

4. (10分) 試求 $\frac{d}{dx} \int_x^{\tan x} \frac{1}{u^4+1} du$.

5. (a) (5分) 證明 $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \sin \left(\frac{i\pi}{2n} \right) \cdot \frac{\pi}{2n} = 1$

Solution. By definition of integral,

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \sin\left(\frac{i\pi}{2n}\right) \frac{\pi}{2n} \longrightarrow \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin x dx = [-\cos x]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = 1 \text{ as } n \rightarrow \infty.$$

$$(b) \text{ (6分)} \text{ 求} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{i}{n}\right)^2} \frac{1}{n}$$

Solution. 為 $\sqrt{1 - x^2}$ 在 $[0, 1]$ 之 Riemann sum, 故此極限為 $\frac{\pi}{4}$.

6. (a) (4分) 試證當 $0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$ 時, $\sin x < x$.
 (b) (7分) $f(x) = \frac{\tan x}{x}$, 證明若 $0 < x_1 < x_2 < \frac{\pi}{2}$ 時, $f(x_1) < f(x_2)$.

Solution. $f'(x) = \frac{x \sec^2 x - \tan x}{x^2}$.

欲證: $x \sec^2 x > \tan x$, 即 $x > \sin x \cos x = \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x$.

令 $g(x) = x - \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x$, $g(0) = 0$, $g'(x) = 1 - \cos 2x > 0$.

7. 求下列積分

(a) (6分) $\int \frac{x^7}{\sqrt{x^4+1}} dx$.

(b) (6分) $\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \pi \frac{x^3 \cos x}{1+x^6} dx$.

8. (15分) 試求內接於單位圓的最大等腰三角形面積.