- 1. (12%) Solve the differential equation  $(x^2 + 1)\frac{dy}{dx} + 4xy = x$  with the initial condition y(2) = 1.
- 2. (12%) (a) Solve the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dt} = \lambda y(y-1), 0 < y < 1$  and  $\lambda > 0$  is a constant with the initial condition  $y(0) = \frac{1}{2}$ .
  - (b) Evaluate  $\lim_{t\to\infty} y(t)$ .
- 3. (12%) Evaluate  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2+4x} dx$ . (You can use  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx = \sqrt{\pi}$ .)
- 4. (12%) In a Poisson process, P(k,t) = (λt)<sup>k</sup>/k! e<sup>-λt</sup> indicates the probability of k occurrences of a specific event in the time interval [0,t]. Let W denote the time of the second occurrence (counted from the beginning of the process).
  (a) Find P(W > t).
  - (b) Find the probability density function  $f_W(t)$  of W.
- 5. (16%) Let X be a random variable with the probability density function  $f(x) = \frac{A}{x^2}$ ,  $1 \le x \le e$ , where A is a constant.
  - (a) (6%) Find *A*.
  - (b) (5%) Find E(X).
  - (c) (5%) Find Var(X).
- 6. (16%) Rolling a fair dice, we define two random variables

$$X = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if the outcome is even} \\ 0 & \text{if the outcome is odd} \end{cases}, \quad Y = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if the outcome is in } \{1,2,3\}, \\ 0 & \text{if the outcome is in } \{4,5,6\}. \end{cases}$$

Let Z = X + Y

- (a) (6%) Are X and Y independent?
- (b) (5%) Find E(Z).
- (c) (5%) Find Var(Z).
- 7. (10%) Let X, Y be two independent random variables both with the probability density  $f(t) = \lambda e^{-\lambda t}, t \ge 0$ . Find the probability density function  $f_Z(t)$  of the random variable Z = X + Y.
- 8. (10%) Let X be the random variable with the probability density function  $f_X(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}}e^{-t^2}$ . Find the probability density function  $f_W(t)$  of the random variable  $W = X^2$ .