

臺灣大學數學系  
104 學年度上學期博士班資格考試題  
科目：偏微分方程

2015.10.02

PDE Qualifying Exam Fall 2015

1. (20 points) Let  $u$  be a smooth function that solves the wave equation

$$u_{tt} - \Delta u = 0 \quad \text{in } \mathbb{R}^n \times (0, \infty),$$

where the integer  $n \geq 2$ . Let  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ ,  $t > 0$ ,  $r > 0$ . Define

$$U(x; r, t) := \frac{1}{\text{vol}(\partial B(x, r))} \int_{\partial B(x, r)} u(y, t) dS(y),$$

the average of  $u(\cdot, t)$  over the sphere  $\partial B(x, r)$ . Show that for fixed  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ ,  $U$  satisfies

$$U_{tt} - U_{rr} - \frac{n-1}{r} U_r = 0 \quad \text{in } \mathbb{R}_+ \times (0, \infty).$$

2. (20 points) State and prove the Lax-Milgram Theorem.  
3. (20 points) Let  $U \subset \mathbb{R}^N$  be a smooth and bounded open set and suppose  $f \in L^2(U)$ , where  $N$  is a positive integer. Show that there exists a unique weak solution  $u \in H_0^1(U)$  of the following boundary-value problem

$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = f & \text{in } U, \\ u = 0 & \text{on } \partial U. \end{cases}$$

4. (20 points) Do you think the following second order differential equations have periodic solutions? Prove or disprove it.

$$x''(t) + x(t) - x^2(t) = 0, \tag{0.1}$$

$$x''(t) + x^3(t) + x^4(t) = 0. \tag{0.2}$$

5. (20 points) Solve the following partial differential equation

$$\begin{cases} uu_{x_1} + u_{x_2} = 1, & \text{in } \mathbb{R}^2, \\ u(x_1, x_1) = \frac{1}{2}x_1. \end{cases}$$