

臺灣大學數學系

九十學年度博士班入學考試題

機率與統計

[\[回上頁\]](#)

1.
(20 pts.) Let $(X_1, Y_1), \dots, (X_n, Y_n)$ be a sample from a Bivariate $N(0, 0, \sigma_1^2, \sigma_2^2, \rho)$ distribution. Consider the problem of testing $H : \rho \neq 0$.
 - (a)
Show that the likelihood ratio statistic is equivalent to $|r|$, where
$$r = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i Y_i}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2 \sum_{i=1}^n Y_i^2}}$$
 - (b)
Find the distribution of r^2 and construct a level 0.05 rejection region.
2.
(20pts.) Suppose that random variables X_1, \dots, X_n are serially correlated:
$$X_i = \theta X_{i-1} + \epsilon_i, \quad i = 1, \dots, n,$$
where $X_0 = 0$ and $\epsilon_1, \dots, \epsilon_n$ are independent $N(0, \sigma^2)$ random variables.
 - (a)
Find the maximum likelihood estimates of θ and σ .
 - (b)
Construct a level α likelihood ratio test for $H : \theta = 0$ versus $K : \theta \neq 0$.
3.
(20 pts.) Let $X_i \sim \text{Exponential}(\lambda)$, for $i = 1, \dots, m$ be independent.
 - (a)
Approximate the mean and variance of the k th order statistic $X_{(k)}$.
 - (a)
Approximate the mean and variance of the p th sample quantile.
4.
(20 pts.) Let X_1, \dots, X_n be i.i.d. from $\text{Binomial}(1, p)$.
 - (a)
Find an approximate level- α confidence interval for p using \bar{X} .
 - (b)

Find an approximate level- α confidence interval for p using a variance-stabilizing transformation of \bar{X} .

(c)

Compare the asymptotic length of the above two confidence intervals.

5.

(20 pts.) Show that \bar{X} is minimax for the mean of normal distribution under quadratic loss.

[\[回上頁\]](#)