

國立臺灣大學應用數學科學研究所114學年度碩士班甄試入學筆試

微分方程與線性代數

1. (15 pts) Solve the following equations.

(a) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x-y}$.

(b) $xy\frac{dy}{dx} + e^y = 0$.

2.

Let $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ -1 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$.

(a) (15 pts) Find $e^{\mathbf{A}t}$.

(b) (10 pts) Solve the system $\mathbf{x}'(t) = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}(t) + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$, $\mathbf{x}(0) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$.

(c) (10 pts) Let S be an $n \times n$ matrix with real-valued entries. Assume $S^3 = S$ and $0 \leq a < 1$. Show that $I_{n \times n} - aS$ is invertible and

$$(I_{n \times n} - aS)^{-1} = I_{n \times n} + pS + qS^2 \text{ with some } p, q \in \mathbb{R}.$$

3. Let P be the vector space of all polynomials with real coefficients, $Q = \{f \in P : f(0) = f(1) = 0\}$, and $Q_5 = \{f \in Q : \text{degree of } f \leq 5\}$. Suppose that

$$T(f) = x^2 f''(x) + 7x f'(x) + 8f(x),$$

$$U = \{f \in Q_5 : \exists g \in Q_5 \text{ such that } T(g) = f\},$$

$$V = \{f \in Q : \int_0^1 f(x)T(g(x)) dx = 0 \text{ for all } g \in Q\}.$$

(a) (10 pts) Find the dimension of U .

(b) (20 pts) Determine V and find its dimension.

4. Assume that u and v satisfy the equations

$$u'(t) = \frac{t+1}{u^2(t)+1} - t^2 u(t), \quad u(0) = 1,$$

$$v'(t) = \frac{3t+1}{v^2(t)+1} - t^2 v(t), \quad v(0) = 1.$$

(a) (10 pts) Show that $u(t) > 0$ for $t \geq 0$.

(b) (10 pts) Show that $v(t) > u(t)$ for $t > 0$