臺灣大學數學系 九十一學年度第一學期碩士班甄試入學試題 線性代數甲 December 7, 2001

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1.

Let a  $2n \times 2n$  matrix be given in the form  $M = \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix}$  where each block is an

 $n \times n$  matrix. Suppose that A is invertible and that AC = CA. Show that

$$Det \left[ \begin{array}{cc} A & B \\ C & D \end{array} \right] = Det(AD - CB).$$

2.

Let  $T: V \to V$  be a linear transformation on a finite dimensional vector space V. (a) Show that there exists k such that  $\operatorname{Im} T^k = \operatorname{Im} T^m$  and  $\operatorname{Ker} T^k = \operatorname{Ker} T^m$  for all  $m \ge k$ .

(b) Show that there exists n such that Ker  $T^n \cap \text{Im } T^n = (0)$ .

3.

Let  $n \geq 2$  and N be an n imes n matrix over a field such that  $N^n = 0$  but  $N^{n-1} 
eq 0$ 

.Prove that N has no square root A (i.e.  $A^2 = N$ ).

4.

Let T be a unitary linear transformation on a finite dimensional vector space V over C (i.e.  $\langle Tx, Ty \rangle = \langle x, y \rangle$  for all  $x, y \in V$ ). Prove that T has a unitary square root.

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