

臺灣大學數學系

八十七學年度碩士班甄試入學考試試題

微分方程

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Choose 2 Problem from below. 15 points each.

1. Find the general solutions of the following systems

1.

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dx}{dt} &= 2x + y \\ \frac{dy}{dt} &= 4x + 3y\end{aligned}$$

2.

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dx}{dt} &= 2x + y + 2\sin t \\ \frac{dy}{dt} &= 4x + 3y\end{aligned}$$

2. Assume $y(x)$ satisfies

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x} \left(2 - \frac{y}{x} \right), \quad y(1) = \frac{1}{2}$$

1. Show that $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{dy}{dx} = 1$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{y}{x} = 1$.

2. Show that if $v(x)$ satisfies

$$\frac{dv}{dx} = v \left(\frac{y}{x} - v \right), \quad v(1) = \frac{1}{2},$$

then $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} v = 1$.

3. Consider a particle sliding on a frictionless curve C given by $x = x(s), y = y(s)$ under the influence of gravity, where s is the arc length of the curve. Let t be the time.

1. Show that the motion of the particle satisfies the equation

$$\frac{d^2 s}{dt^2} = -g \frac{dy}{ds},$$

where g is the gravitational acceleration.

2. Assume $y = y_0$ when $t = 0$. Show that $\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{dx}{dt}\right)^2 = g(y_0 - y)$ and

$$t = c \pm \int [2g(y_0 - y)]^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx$$

for some constant c .

3. Let C be a cycloid

$$x = a(\theta + \pi + \sin \theta),$$

$$y = -a(1 + \cos \theta),$$

with parameter θ . Show that a particle oscillate on C has the period of oscillation $4\pi\left(\frac{a}{g}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$.

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